

# CubeLib 4.7 | Tools Guide

Description of Cube Command Line Tools

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### Attention

The Cube Tool Developer Guide is currently being rewritten and still incomplete. However, it should already contain enough information to get you started and avoid the most common pitfalls.

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# 1 Cube Command Line Tools

## 1.1 Abstract

CUBE provides a set of various command line tools for different purposes.

## 1.2 Performance Algebra and Tools

As performance tuning of parallel applications usually involves multiple experiments to compare the effects of certain optimization strategies, CUBE offers a mechanism called *performance algebra* that can be used to merge, subtract, and average the data from different experiments and view the results in the form of a single “derived” experiment. Using the same representation for derived experiments and original experiments provides access to the derived behavior based on familiar metaphors and tools in addition to an arbitrary and easy composition of operations. The algebra is an ideal tool to verify and locate performance improvements and degradations likewise. The algebra includes three operators—*diff*, *merge*, and *mean*—provided as command-line utilities which take two or more CUBE files as input and generate another CUBE file as output. The operations are closed in the sense that the operators can be applied to the results of previous operations. Note that although all operators are defined for any valid CUBE data sets, not all possible operations make actually sense. For example, whereas it can be very helpful to compare two versions of the same code, computing the difference between entirely different programs is unlikely to yield any useful results.

### 1.2.1 Difference

Changing a program can alter its performance behavior. Altering the performance behavior means that different results are achieved for different metrics. Some might increase while others might decrease. Some might rise in certain parts of the program only, while they drop off in other parts. Finding the reason for a gain or loss in overall performance often requires considering the performance change as a multidimensional structure. With CUBE's difference operator, a user can view this structure by computing the difference between two experiments and rendering the derived result experiment like an original one. The difference operator takes two experiments and computes a derived experiment whose severity function reflects the difference between the minuend's severity and the subtrahend's severity.

The possible output is presented below.

---

```
user@host: cube_diff scout.cube remapped.cube -o result.cube
```

---

```
Reading scout.cube ... done.
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
+++++++ Diff operation begins ++++++
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies...
      Topology retained in experiment.
done.
INFO::Diff operation... done.
+++++++ Diff operation ends successfully ++++++
Writing result.cube ... done.
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_diff [-o output] [-c|-C] [-h] <minuend> <subtrahend>

- o** Name of the output file (default: diff.cube)
- c** Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- C** Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- h** Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.2.2 Merge

The merge operator's purpose is the integration of performance data from different sources. Often a certain combination of performance metrics cannot be measured during a single run. For example, certain combinations of hardware events cannot be counted simultaneously due to hardware resource limits. Or the combination of performance metrics requires using different monitoring tools that cannot be deployed during the same run. The merge operator takes an arbitrary number of CUBE experiments with a different or overlapping set of metrics and yields a derived CUBE experiment with a joint set of metrics.

The possible output is presented below.

---

```
user@host: cube_merge scout.cube remapped.cube -o result.cube
+++++++ Merge operation begins ++++++
Reading scout.cube ... done.
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Merge operation...
      Topology retained in experiment.

      Topology retained in experiment.
done.
+++++++ Merge operation ends successfully ++++++
Writing result.cube ... done.
```

---



**Usage:** cube\_merge [-o output] [-c] [-C] [-h] <cube experiment>

- o Name of the output file (default: merge.cube)
- c Reduce dimension, if experiments are incompatible
- C Collapse system dimension!
- h Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.2.3 Mean

The mean operator is intended to smooth the effects of random errors introduced by unrelated system activity during an experiment or to summarize across a range of execution parameters. You can conduct several experiments and create a single average experiment from the whole series. The mean operator takes an arbitrary number of arguments.

The possible output is presented below.

---

```
user@host: cube_mean scout1.cube scout2.cube scout3.cube scout4.cube -o mean.cube
+++++++ Mean operation begins ++++++
Reading scout1.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout2.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout3.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout4.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
+++++++ Mean operation ends successfully ++++++
Writing mean.cube ... done.
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_mean [-o output] [-c] [-C] [-h] <cube experiment>

- o Name of the output file (default: mean.cube)
- c Do not collapse system dimension, if experiments are incompatible
- C Collapse system dimension
- h Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.2.4 Compare

Compares two experiments and prints out if they are equal or not. Two experiments are equal if they have same dimensions hierarchy and the equal values of the severities.

An example of the output is below.

---

```
user@host: cube_cmp remapped.cube scout1.cube
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
Reading scout1.cube ... done.
+++++ Compare operation begins +++++
Experiments are not equal.
+++++ Compare operation ends successfully +++++
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_cmp [-h] <cube experiment 1> <cube experiment 2>

- h Help; Output a brief help message.

## 1.3 Cube Remapping tool

CUBE provides an universal flexible tool, which allows to transform metric tree of an input .cubex into an arbitrary metric hierarchy according to user defined flexible rules. This can be used by performance analysis tools, such as Score-P or Scalasca. In particularly one classifies different call paths according to some user defined rules.

As well one can use this tool to convert derived metrics into the data (if possible) or to add an additional metric into the current .cubex file.

### 1.3.1 Tool Usage

**Usage:** ./cube\_remap2 -r <remap specification file> [-o output] [-d] [-s] [-h] <cube experiment>

- r Name of the remapping specification file. By omitting this option the specification file from the cube experiment is taken if present.
- c Create output file with the same structure as an input file. It overrides option "-r"
- o Name of the output file (default: remap)
- d Convert all prederived metrics into usual metrics, calculate and store their values as a data.
- s Add hardcoded SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelizm"

**-h** Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.3.2 Remapping algorithm

The main idea behind the working way of the remapping tool is simple: user formulates the target hierarchy of the metrics in an external file (.spec) and defines rules how they are calculated using CubePL syntax. Remapping tool creates then an output cube with this metric hierarchy.

In particularly remapping tool performs following steps:

1. Is command-line option `-c` specified, remapping tool works in "Copy" mode: it creates output cube with identical metrics hierarchy. One combines it usual with the options `-d` and `-s`. Otherwise...
2. Is command-line option `-r` omit, remapping tool looks for the .spec file within the input .cubex file. Score-P starting with version v5 stores its .spec file within *profile.cubex*. Otherwise...
3. Is command-line option `-r` specified, remapping tool looks for .spec file and creates the new (working) cube object with the metric hierarchy as metric dimension specified in .spec file
4. Then it merges metric hierarchy of the input file into the current metric hierarchy. All metrics from the input file which present in .spec hierarchy gets mapped to them. All missing metrics will be added as additional metrics.
5. Is the command-line option `-s` specified, tool adds additional SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelism"
6. Other dimensions and elements of the input .cubex file (topologies, mirrors and similar) get merged into the new cube object one-to-one (as the freshly created cube object doesn't have any)
7. If the command-line option `-d` is omit, remapping tool saves created cube on disk as it is. All derived metrics in .spec file will stay as derived metrics and will be executed only while working with the stored .cubex file in GUI or with command-line tools.
8. Did user specified command-line option `-d`, the second phase of the remapping is executed: calculation of derived metrics and converting them into the data. Note, that not all metrics are *convertible* (such as rates or similar) into data and should stay derived in the target file. To do so remapping tool creates an additional cube object with the identical structure (only convertible derived metrics are turned into the regular data metrics) of the intermediate working cube and copies metric-by-metric its data. As result, derived metrics are calculated and their value is stored as a data into the target cube.
9. Resulting cube object is saved on disk.

As one can see user can use remapping tool for different purposes:

1. Convert derived metrics of the current .cubex file into the data metrics. For that it is enough to execute remapping tool as:

---

```
./cube_remap2 -d <input>
```

---

2. Add an additional derived metric into the current .cubex cube
3. Create a new .cubex with the user specified metrics hierarchy. (standard usage)

### 1.3.3 Syntax of a .spec file

Examples for .spec files are shipped with the CUBE package and stored in the directory [prefix]/share/doc/cubelib/examples

Here we provide some commented examples of .spec files.

1. In first case we add an additional metric IPC into the cube file

```
1 <metrics>
2   <metric type="POSTDERIVED" convertible="false">
3     <disp_name>IPC, ipc</disp_name>
4     <uniq_name>ipc</uniq_name>
5     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
6     <uom></uom>
7     <descr>Value of IPC (instructions per cycle),
8           computed as PAPI_TOT_INS() / PAPI_TOT_CYC()
9     </descr>
10    <cubepl>
11      metric::PAPI_TOT_INS() / metric::PAPI_TOT_CYC()
12    </cubepl>
13  </metric>
14 </metrics>
```

Here the whole hierarchy consist of only one metric IPC, which is "non convertible" into data as it is a POSTDERIVED metric and usual aggregation rules are not applicable. This metric has a data type FLOAT and requires, that input file contains metrics PAPI\_TOT\_CYC and PAPI\_TOT\_INS. Otherwise this metric will be always evaluated to 0.

2. In second case we add two sub metrics to the metric "Time", in order to classify time spend in "MPI" regions and "Other"

```
1 <metrics>
2   <metric>
3     <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
4     <disp_name>Time</disp_name>
5     <uniq_name>time</uniq_name>
6     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
7     <uom>sec</uom>
8     <url>@mirror@scalasca-patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
9     <descr>Total CPU allocation time
10           (includes time allocated for idle threads)
11   </descr>
12   <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
13     <disp_name>MPI regions</disp_name>
14     <uniq_name>mpiregions</uniq_name>
15     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
16     <uom>sec</uom>
17     <url></url>
18     <descr>Time spend in MPI regions </descr>
19     <cubepl>
20       {
21         ${a}=0;
22         if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/)
23         {
24           ${a}=metric::time();
25         };
26         return ${a};
27       }
28     </cubepl>
29   </metric>
```

```

30     <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
31       <disp_name>Other regions</disp_name>
32       <uniq_name>nonmpi</uniq_name>
33       <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
34       <uom>sec</uom>
35       <url></url>
36       <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
37       <cubepl>
38         {
39           ${a}=0;
40           if (not(${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/))
41             {
42               ${a}=metric::time();
43             };
44           return ${a};
45         }
46       </cubepl>
47     </metric>
48   </metrics>
49 </metrics>

```

Here target hierarchy consist of the top metric "Time" and two sub metrics "MPI regions" and "Other regions". Clearly that they both will sum up to the total "Time" metric. Hence one expects that expanded metric "Time" will be always zero. Note that sub metrics are defined as PREDERIVED\_EXCLUSIVE as their value is valid only for the one call path and not their children.

3. In third case we would like to split the time metric into two metrics and to hide the metric itself. For that we declare it as "GHOST" metric and declare sub metrics as root metrics.

```

1 <metrics>
2   <metric viztype="GHOST">
3     <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
4     <disp_name>Time</disp_name>
5     <uniq_name>time</uniq_name>
6     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
7     <uom>sec</uom>
8     <url>@mirror@scalasca-patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
9     <descr>Total CPU allocation time
10      (includes time allocated for idle threads)
11   </descr>
12 </metric>
13   <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
14     <disp_name>MPI regions</disp_name>
15     <uniq_name>mpiregions</uniq_name>
16     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
17     <uom>sec</uom>
18     <url></url>
19     <descr> Time spend in MPI regions </descr>
20     <cubepl>
21       {
22         ${a}=0;
23         if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/)
24           {
25             ${a}=metric::time();
26           };
27         return ${a};
28       }
29     </cubepl>
30   </metric>
31   <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
32     <disp_name>Other regions</disp_name>
33     <uniq_name>nonmpi</uniq_name>
34     <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
35     <uom>sec</uom>
36     <url></url>
37     <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
38     <cubepl>
39       {

```

```
40         ${a}=0;
41         if (not(${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/))
42         {
43             ${a}=metric::time();
44         };
45         return ${a};
46     }
47 </cubepl>
48 </metric>
49 </metrics>
```

As result, the target .cubex file will have only two new root metrics, "MPI regions" and "Other regions". Metric "Time" will be not visible in GUI and command line tools.

### 1.3.4 Optimization of the remapping.

As remapping process is defined in very general way, naive approach in .spec file formulation might take significant calculation time. Using advanced technics in CubePL one can optimize remapping process. For example one can:

- Using CubePL variables in order to avoid string comparison by every calculation step
- Using CubePL initialization step in order to perform some calculation only once
- Use bitmask multiplication for the evaluation of values along the system tree

Great example of usage of the optimization technics are the .spec files provided with Score-P or Scalasca.

## 1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Besides of the remapping utility and the algebra tools CUBE provides various tool for different testing, checking, inspection tasks.

### 1.4.1 Sanity Check

This tool performs series of checks to confirm that stored data has a semantic sense, e.g. "non-negative time" and similar. It is being used as a correctness tool for the Score-P and Scalasca measurements.

---

```
user@host: cube_sanity profile.cubex
Name not empty or UNKNOWN ... 71 / 71 OK
  No ANONYMOUS functions ... 71 / 71 OK
  No TRUNCATED functions ... 71 / 71 OK
  File name not empty ... 71 / 71 OK
  Proper line numbers ... 0 / 71 OK
  No TRACING outside Init and Finalize ... 123 / 123 OK
No negative inclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK
No negative exclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_sanity [ flags ] <cube experiment>

- h** Help; Output a brief help message.
- n** Disables the (time consuming) check for negative inclusive metric values.
- x** Disables the (time consuming) check for negative exclusive metric values.
- l** Disables checks for line numbers.
- f <file.filt>** Checks whether a node's name is matched by a pattern in file.filt.
- o <output\_file>** Path of the output file. If no output file is given, detailed output will be suppressed. A summary will always be printed out to stdout.
- v <0|1|2|3>** Verbosity level of output

### 1.4.2 Addition of derived metric

One small tool, which does nothing but adding an additional user-defined derived metric into the input .cubex file. Functionality of this tool is provided by remapping tool [1.3](#) tool as well, but from historical reasons we still deliver this tool.

---

```
user@host: cube_derive -t postderived -r exclusive -e "metric::time()/metric::visits(e)" -p root kenobi

user@host: cube_dump -m kenobi -c 0 -t aggr -z incl result.cubex
===== DATA =====
Print out the data of the metric kenobi

All threads
-----
MAIN__ (id=0) 1389.06
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_derive [-h] [-t prederived|postderived ] -r exclusive|inclusive -e <cubepl expression> -p <parent\_metric> <targetmetric> <cube experiment> [-o <output experiment>]

- h** Help; Output a brief help message.
- t prederived|postderived** Specifies, whether derived metric is PREDERIVED or POSTDERIVED
- r exclusive|inclusive** Specifies, whether derived metric is EXCLUSIVE or INCLUSIVE (has no effect for POSTDERIVED metrics)
- e** CubePL expression of the derived metric
- p** New metric will be added as a child of this metric. "root" is possible  
Name of the created metric. It should not clash with the existing metric.  
Name of the input file
- o** Name of the output file. Default "derived.cubex"

### 1.4.3 Inspection of a call tree

A small tool to inspect aggregated values in call tree of a specific metric. Functionality of this tool is reproduced in one of another way by [cube\\_dump 1.4.15](#) utility.

---

```
user@host:cube_calltree -m time -a -t 1 -i -p -c ~/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256_/profile.cubex...
Reading /home/zam/psaviank/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256x1_sum_br/profile.cubex...
355599 (100%)          MAIN__          USR:/MAIN__
353588 (99.435%)      + monte_carlo_          USR:/MAIN__/m
8941.95 (2.515%)      | + monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_          USR:/MAIN__/m
5980.68 (1.682%)      | | + MPI_Bcast          USR:/MAIN__/m
343175 (96.506%)      | + monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_          USR:/MAIN__/m
4657.85 (1.31%)       | | + MPI_Ssend          USR:/MAIN__/m
303193 (85.263%)      | | + dmcdmc_main.move_config_          USR:/MAIN__/m
21668.4 (6.093%)      | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_          USR:/MAIN__/m
19722.3 (5.546%)      | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_          USR:/MAIN__/m
28878.5 (8.121%)      | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_          USR:/MAIN__/m
6907.92 (1.943%)      | | | | + slater.wfn_ratio_slater_          USR:/MAIN__/m
19721.7 (5.546%)      | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_          USR:/MAIN__/m
241626 (67.949%)      | | | + energy_utils.eval_local_energy_          USR:/MAIN__/m
20785.6 (5.845%)      | | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_          USR:/MAIN__/m
20298.1 (5.708%)      | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_          USR:/MAIN__/m
211484 (59.473%)      | | | | + non_local.calc_nl_projection_          USR:/MAIN__/m
208516 (58.638%)      | | | | | + wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_          USR:/MAIN__/m
8588.87 (2.415%)      | | | | | + slater.wfn_ratio_slater_          USR:/MAIN__/m
176779 (49.713%)      | | | | | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_          USR:/MAIN__/m
14252.4 (4.008%)      | | | | | + scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_          USR:/MAIN__/m
34390.8 (9.671%)      | | + parallel.qmpi_reduce_d1_          USR:/MAIN__/m
34384.3 (9.669%)      | | + MPI_Reduce          USR:/MAIN__/m
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_calltree -a -m metricname -t threshold -c -i -u -h [-f] filename

**-m metricname** print out values for the metric <metricname>;

**-a** annotate call path;

**-t threshold** print out only call path with a value, which is larger than <threshold>% of the total metric value. 0<=threshold<=100;

**-i** calculate inclusive values instead of exclusive.

**-f** open <filename>;

**-p** display percent value;

**-c** display callpath for every region;

**-h** display this help.

### 1.4.4 System tree partition

If one is interested in the performance profile of a PART of the system, e.g. only nodeplane 0, or ranks from 0 to N, one can set other locations to VOID and create a .cubex file, which has only data for the remaining part.



Partition some of system tree (processes) and void the remainder

```
user@host:cube_part -R 0-3,5 profile.cubex
Open the cube profile.cubex...done.
Copy the cube object...done.
+++++ Part operation begins +++++
Voiding 251 of 256 processes.
+++++ Part operation ends successfully +++++
Writing part ... done.
```

**Usage:** cube\_part [-h] [-I] [-R ranks] [-o output] <cube>

- I** Invert sense of partition
- R** List of process ranks for partition (e.g., "0-3,7,13-")
- o** Name of the output file (default: part)
- h** Help; Show this brief help message and exit.

### 1.4.5 Region information

This tool displays a flat profile for the selected metrics and with the classification of regions. Similar functionality is provide by the tool [1.4.15](#)

Short call displays an overview across types of regions.

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -m time,visits profile.cubex
done.
bl  type      time      %      visits      % region
    ANY      355599  100.00   664724749  100.00 (summary) ALL
    MPI              0    0.00           0    0.00 (summary) MPI
    USR      355599  100.00   664724749  100.00 (summary) USR
    COM              0    0.00           0    0.00 (summary) COM
```

If one wants a detailed view of the flat profile, one uses **-r** command line option. Note that can provide list of regions for filtering (file filter.txt)

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -l filter.txt -m time,visits -r profile.cubex
done.
bl  type      time      %      visits      % region
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MEASUREMENT OFF
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 TRACE BUFFER FLUSH
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 THREADS
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MPI_Accumulate
    USR          68    0.02        6912    0.00 MPI_Allgather
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MPI_Allgatherv
    USR          10    0.00         256    0.00 MPI_Allreduce
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MPI_Alltoall
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MPI_Alltoallv
    USR              0    0.00           0    0.00 MPI_Alltoallw
```

USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Attr_delete
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Attr_get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Attr_put
USR	2843	0.80	7168	0.00	MPI_Barrier
USR	6392	1.80	51072	0.01	MPI_Bcast
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Bsend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Bsend_init
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Buffer_attach
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Buffer_detach
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cancel
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_coords
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_map
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_rank
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_shift
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cart_sub
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Cartdim_get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_call_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_compare
USR	113	0.03	1792	0.00	MPI_Comm_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_create_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_create_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_delete_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_dup
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_dup_with_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_free_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_get_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_get_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_get_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_get_name
USR	0	0.00	1024	0.00	MPI_Comm_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_idup
USR	0	0.00	512	0.00	MPI_Comm_rank
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_remote_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_remote_size
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_set_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_set_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_set_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_set_name
USR	0	0.00	512	0.00	MPI_Comm_size
USR	55	0.02	256	0.00	MPI_Comm_split
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_split_type
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_test_inter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Compare_and_swap
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Dims_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Dist_graph_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Dist_graph_create_adjacent
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Dist_graph_neighbors
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Dist_graph_neighbors_count
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Exscan

USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Fetch_and_op
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_c2f
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_call_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_close
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_delete
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_f2c
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_amode
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_atomicsity
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_byte_offset
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_position
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_position_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_size
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_type_extent
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_view
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iread
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iread_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iread_at
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iread_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iread_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iwrite
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iwrite_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iwrite_at
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iwrite_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_iwrite_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_open
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_preallocate
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_all_begin
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_at
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_at_all_begin
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_at_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_ordered
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_ordered_begin
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_ordered_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_read_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_seek
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_seek_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_set_atomicsity
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_set_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_set_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_set_size
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_set_view
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_sync
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_all_begin

USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_at
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_at_all_begin
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_at_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_ordered
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_ordered_begin
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_ordered_end
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_write_shared
USR	349	0.10	256	0.00	MPI_Finalize
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Finalized
USR	0	0.00	25	0.00	MPI_Gather
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Gatherv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Get_accumulate
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Get_library_version
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graph_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graph_get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graph_map
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graph_neighbors
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graph_neighbors_count
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graphdims_get
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_compare
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_difference
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_excl
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_free
USR	0	0.00	1792	0.00	MPI_Group_incl
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_intersection
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_range_excl
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_range_incl
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_rank
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_size
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_translate_ranks
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_union
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iallgather
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iallgatherv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iallreduce
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ialltoall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ialltoallv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ialltoallw
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ibarrier
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ibcast
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ibsend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iexscan
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Igather
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Igatherv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iprobe
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Irecv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ineighbor_allgather
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ineighbor_allgatherv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ineighbor_alltoall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ineighbor_alltoallv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ineighbor_alltoallw

USR	1411	0.40	256	0.00	MPI_Init
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Init_thread
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Initialized
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Intercomm_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Intercomm_merge
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iprobe
USR	0	0.00	14337	0.00	MPI_Irecv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ireduce
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ireduce_scatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ireduce_scatter_block
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Irsend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Is_thread_main
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iscan
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iscatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iscatterv
USR	1	0.00	14337	0.00	MPI_Isend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Issend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Keyval_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Keyval_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Mprobe
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Mrecv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Neighbor_allgather
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Neighbor_allgatherv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Neighbor_alltoall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Neighbor_alltoallv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Neighbor_alltoallw
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Probe
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Put
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Query_thread
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Raccumulate
USR	302	0.08	24728	0.00	MPI_Recv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Recv_init
USR	34384	9.67	6400	0.00	MPI_Reduce
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_local
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_scatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_scatter_block
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Register_datarep
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Request_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rget
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rget_accumulate
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rput
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rsend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rsend_init
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scan
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scatterv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Send
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Send_init
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Sendrecv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Sendrecv_replace
USR	4695	1.32	24728	0.00	MPI_Ssend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ssend_init
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Start

USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Startall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Test
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Test_cancelled
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Testall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Testany
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Testsome
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Topo_test
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Wait
USR	0	0.00	2982	0.00	MPI_Waitall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Waitany
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Waitsome
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_allocate
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_allocate_shared
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_attach
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_call_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_complete
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_create
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_create_dynamic
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_create_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_delete_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_detach
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_fence
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_flush
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_flush_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_flush_local
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_flush_local_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_free_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_get_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_get_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_get_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_get_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_get_name
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_lock
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_lock_all
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_post
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_set_attr
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_set_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_set_info
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_set_name
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_shared_query
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_start
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_sync
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_test
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_unlock
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_unlock_all
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Win_wait
* USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	PARALLEL
* USR	155	0.04	256	0.00	MAIN__
* USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	get_nnpsmp_
* USR	1	0.00	126669	0.02	run_control.check_alloc_
* USR	8	0.00	256	0.00	get_smp_list_

## 1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	set_shm_numablock
*	USR	401	0.11	256	0.00	monte_carlo_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_set_defaults_
*	USR	124	0.03	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_set_input_parameters_
*	USR	10	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_particles_
*	USR	3	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_custom_spindep_
*	USR	6	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_assign_spin_deps_
*	USR	2	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_check_input_parameters_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_input_setup_
*	USR	0	0.00	1	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_print_input_parameters_
*	USR	0	0.00	62	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_wout_iparam_
*	USR	0	0.00	1	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_print_particles_
*	USR	107	0.03	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_
*	USR	2	0.00	256	0.00	alloc_shm_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	alloc_shm_sysv
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_flag_missing_dets_
*	USR	0	0.00	1	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_check_wave_function_
*	USR	36	0.01	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_calculate_geometry_
*	USR	27	0.01	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_pseudopotentials_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_geometry_printout_
*	USR	1	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_orbital_setup_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_check_orbital_derivatives_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_setup_expectation_values_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_setup_interactions_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_check_nn_
*	USR	98	0.03	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_jastrow_function_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_backflow_
*	USR	8	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_init_vcpp_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_print_part_title_
*	USR	281	0.08	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
*	USR	11021	3.10	25041	0.00	dmcdmc_main.move_config_
	USR	2434	0.68	45059225	6.78	wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
	USR	236521	66.51	175964383	26.47	pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
	USR	9886	2.78	144014658	21.67	wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
	USR	15497	4.36	144014658	21.67	slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
	USR	15512	4.36	144014658	21.67	scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_
	USR	9356	2.63	25041	0.00	energy_utils.eval_local_energy_
	USR	2967	0.83	11268450	1.70	non_local.calc_nl_projection_
	USR	7	0.00	6400	0.00	parallel.qmpi_reduce_d1_
	USR	0	0.00	6400	0.00	parallel.qmpi_bcast_d1_
	USR	0	0.00	12800	0.00	parallel.qmpi_bcast_d_
	USR	16	0.00	9382	0.00	dmc.branch_and_redist_
	USR	39	0.01	6144	0.00	dmc.branch_and_redist_send_
	USR	1	0.00	2982	0.00	dmc.branch_and_redist_recv_
	USR	4	0.00	256	0.00	dmc.branch_and_redist_sendrecv_
	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	dealloc_shm_
	USR	445	0.13	256	0.00	dealloc_shm_sysv
	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	clean_shm_
	ANY	355599	100.00	664724749	100.00	(summary) ALL
	MPI	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) MPI
	USR	355599	100.00	664724749	100.00	(summary) USR
	COM	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) COM

BL	12291	3.46	159199	0.02 (summary)	BL
ANY	343308	96.54	664565550	99.98 (summary)	ALL-BL
MPI	0	0.00	0	0.00 (summary)	MPI-BL
USR	343308	96.54	664565550	99.98 (summary)	USR-BL
COM	0	0.00	0	0.00 (summary)	COM-BL

---

**Usage:** cube\_regioninfo [-l filename] [-m filename] [-h] [-s] cubefile

**-h** Help; Output this help message

**-r** be verbose, print info about any region

**-l** Specify a list of regions for the blacklist

**-m** Specify a list of metrics, the list has to be comma-seperated, no spaces allowed

### 1.4.6 Cube Information

Another tool which allows to examine performance data along the call tree with ability to filter accordingly to user defined criteria. Partially same functionality is implemented by [1.4.15](#) and call tree.

---

```

user@host: cube_info -t -m bytes_sent profile.cubex
|          Time |      bytes_sent | Diff-Calltree
|          355598 |    14204637004 | * MAIN__
|           1411 |           0 | | * MPI_Init
|            0 |           0 | | * MPI_Comm_size
|            0 |           0 | | * MPI_Comm_rank
|            0 |           0 | | * get_nnpssp_
|            0 |           0 | | * run_control.check_alloc_
|            69 |      917504 | | * get_smp_list_
|            0 |           0 | | | * MPI_Comm_rank
|            0 |           0 | | | * MPI_Comm_size
|            9 |     262144 | | | * MPI_Allreduce
|            0 |           0 | | | * set_shm_numablock
|           27 |     655360 | | | * MPI_Allgather
|            0 |           0 | | | * MPI_Comm_group
|            0 |           0 | | | * MPI_Group_incl
|           25 |           0 | | | * MPI_Comm_create
|            0 |           0 | | * MPI_Comm_group
|            0 |           0 | | * MPI_Group_incl
|           24 |           0 | | * MPI_Comm_create
|       353588 |    14203719500 | | * monte_carlo_
|            0 |           0 | | | * monte_carlo_IP_set_defaults_
|          142 |           0 | | | * monte_carlo_IP_set_input_parameters_
|            0 |           0 | | | * run_control.check_alloc_
|           10 |           0 | | | * monte_carlo_IP_read_particles_
|            0 |           0 | | | | * run_control.check_alloc_
|            3 |           0 | | | | * monte_carlo_IP_read_custom_spindep_
|            5 |           0 | | | | * monte_carlo_IP_assign_spin_deps_
|            0 |           0 | | | | * run_control.check_alloc_
|          174 |         1024 | | | * monte_carlo_IP_check_input_parameters_

```

---



172	1024				* MPI_Bcast
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_input_setup_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_print_input_parameters_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_wout_iparam_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_print_particles_
68	12288				* MPI_Bcast
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* MPI_Comm_group
0	0				* MPI_Group_incl
23	0				* MPI_Comm_create
8941	12811606784				* monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_
2792	0				* MPI_Barrier
55	0				* MPI_Comm_split
5980	12811605760				* MPI_Bcast
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
5	1024				* alloc_shm_
4	1024				* alloc_shm_sysv
3	1024				* MPI_Bcast
0	0				* MPI_Barrier
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_flag_missing_dets_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_check_wave_function_
36	0				* monte_carlo_IP_calculate_geometry_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
27	0				* monte_carlo_IP_read_pseudopotentials_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_geometry_printout_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_orbital_setup_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_check_orbital_derivatives_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_setup_expectation_values_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_setup_interactions_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
46	2048				* monte_carlo_IP_check_nn_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
46	2048				* MPI_Bcast
97	0				* monte_carlo_IP_read_jastrow_function_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_read_backflow_
7	0				* monte_carlo_IP_init_vcpp_
0	0				* monte_carlo_IP_print_part_title_
343175	1392097356				* monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
0	0				* MPI_Comm_group
0	0				* MPI_Group_incl
38	0				* MPI_Comm_create
64	747520				* MPI_Bcast
4657	11140276				* MPI_Ssend
303193	0				* dmcdmc_main.move_config_
0	0				* run_control.check_alloc_
21668	0				* wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
19722	0				* pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1

- 0

- l** Lists all available metrics.
- b** Shows some basic information about the cube file.
- a met,thrh** Checks whether a node's value for a certain metric is below a given threshold with respect to the node's absolute value. Affected nodes are aggregated to a single node and output of their children is suppressed.
- r met,thrh** Like **-absolute**, but based on a percentage of the root's value.
- x met,thrh** Like **-absolute**, but based on selecting most relevant children of a node at each level.

**met** must have the following form: *unique\_metric\_name:[incl|excl]:process\_number.thread\_number*  
It is allowed to omit anything except for the metric's unique name, so "time" would compute the inclusive time aggregated over all threads or "time:excl:2" would compute the exclusive time aggregated over all threads that belong to the process with the id 2.

### 1.4.7 Tester

With the tool `cube_test` one can perform various test on `.cubex` file such as range test on metric values and similar. This is used usually in the correctness tests of Score-P and SCALASCA.

**Usage:** `cube_test [ flags ] <cube1> <cube2>`

- ?** Help; Output a brief help message.
- h** Help; Output a long help message.
- o** Set the output file. If omitted, STDOUT is used.
- c tree1[,tree2]** Create a new copy of the tree "tree2" that is called "tree1". If "tree2" is omitted, "tree1" will be a copy of the "ALL"
- e metric[,tree]** Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is equal for all provided CUBE files and for all nodes of the tree "tree". If tree is omitted, all nodes are checked.
- s metric,type,tol[,tree]** Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is sufficiently similar for all CUBE files, according to the qualifiers type and "tol". "tol" specifies the tolerance which is given as a real number. The meaning of the tolerance value depends on the "type". "type" is either ABS or REL. If "type" is ABS than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below "tol". If "type" is REL than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below:  $\sum_{i=1}^n tol * v_i^m$ , where n is the number of CUBE files, i-th file and V is value of metric If "tree" is omitted, all nodes are checked.
- a metric,thrh[,tree]** Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" for the metric "metric". If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.
- r metric,thrh[,tree]** Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" percent of the sum of all roots values. "thrh" is supposed to be a value between 0 and 1. If "tree" is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.

**-x metric,thr[tree]** For each node of the tree tree we consider all children N of that node. Let  $v_i$  be the value for the given metric and the node i in N. Then we select a maximal subset M (smaller than N) with the property  $\sum_{i \in M} v_i \leq thr \times \sum_{i \in N} v_i$  and remove all nodes from M. If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.

**-v [0,1,2,3]** Verbosity level: 0 - silent, 1 - report only summary, 2 - report only errors, 3 - report status of all tests

**WARNING:** The order of the options matters.

### 1.4.8 Canonizer

With this tool user can convert all regions into canonical form, names into lower case, removing lines and filenames, in order to be able to compare measurements results.

Here is an example of execution

---

```
cube_canonize -p -m 10 -c -f -l profile.cubex canonized.cubex
```

```
cube_dump -w profile.cubex
```

```
....
```

```
----- LIST OF REGIONS -----
```

```
MEASUREMENT OFF:MEASUREMENT OFF      ( id=0, -1, -1, paradigm=user, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
TRACE BUFFER FLUSH:TRACE BUFFER FLUSH  ( id=1, -1, -1, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
THREADS:THREADS                        ( id=2, -1, -1, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
MPI_Accumulate:MPI_Accumulate          ( id=3, -1, -1, paradigm=mpi, role=atomic, url=, descr=, mod=)
...
PARALLEL:PARALLEL                     ( id=270, -1, -1, paradigm=mpi, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
MAIN__:MAIN__                         ( id=271, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
get_nnpsmp:get_nnpsmp_                ( id=272, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
run_control.check_alloc_:run_control.check_alloc_ ( id=273, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
get_smp_list_:get_smp_list_           ( id=274, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
set_shm_numablock:set_shm_numablock    ( id=275, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
monte_carlo_:monte_carlo_             ( id=276, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
...

```

```
...
```

```
cube_dump -w canonized.cubex
```

```
----- LIST OF REGIONS -----
```

```
off:MEASUREMENT OFF      ( id=0, 0, 0, paradigm=user, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
flush:TRACE BUFFER FLUSH  ( id=1, 0, 0, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
threads:THREADS          ( id=2, 0, 0, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
mpi_accumu:MPI_Accumulate ( id=3, 0, 0, paradigm=mpi, role=atomic, url=, descr=, mod=)
...
parallel:PARALLEL        ( id=270, 0, 0, paradigm=mpi, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
main:MAIN__              ( id=271, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
get_nnpsmp:get_nnpsmp_   ( id=272, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
run_contro:run_control.check_alloc_ ( id=273, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
get_smp_li:get_smp_list_ ( id=274, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
set_shm_nu:set_shm_numablock ( id=275, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
monte_carl:monte_carlo_  ( id=276, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
...

```

```
...
```

**Usage:** cube\_canonize [ flags ] <input> <output>

- h** Print this help
- p** Use PDT format
- m** <num> Maximum length
- c** Lower case
- f** Remove file names
- l** Remove line numbers

### 1.4.9 Clean

CUBE files may contain more data in the definition part than absolutely necessary. The cube\_clean utility creates a new CUBE file with an identical structure as the input experiment, but with the definition part cleaned up.

An example of the output is presented below.

---

```
user@host: cube_clean remapped.cube -o cleaned.cube
+++++++ Clean operation begins ++++++++
Reading remapped.cube ... done.

      Topology retained in experiment.
+++++++ Clean operation ends successfully ++++++++
Writing cleaned.cube ... done.
```

---

**Usage:** cube\_clean [-o output] [-c|-C] [-h] <cube experiment>

- o** Name of the output file (default: clean.cube.gz)
- c** Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- C** Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- h** Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.4.10 Reroot, Prune

For the detailed study of some part of the execution, the CUBE file can be modified based on a given call-tree node. Two different operations are possible:

- The call tree may be re-rooted, i.e., only sub-trees with the given call-tree node as root are retained in the experiment.
- An entire sub-tree may be pruned, i.e., removed from the experiment. In this case, all metric values for that sub-tree will be attributed to it's parent call-tree node (= "inlined").

One can have multiple **-p** and **-r** options, none of regions ( in **-p** and in **-r** separately) should have eachother as parents and wrong regions names are ignored.

An example of the output is presented below.

```

user@host: cube_cut -r inner_auto_ -p flux_err_ -o cutted.cube remapped.cube
Reading remapped.cube ... done.
+++++++ Cut operation begins ++++++

      Topology retained in experiment.
+++++++ Cut operation ends successfully ++++++
Writing cutted.cube ... done.

```

---

**Usage:** cube\_cut [-h] [-c|-C] [-r nodename] [-p nodename] [-o output] <cube experiment>

- r** Re-root calltree at named node(s)
- p** Prune calltree from named node(s) (= "inline")
- o** Name of the output file (default: cut)
- c** Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- C** Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- h** Help; Output a brief help message.

### 1.4.11 Statistics

Extracts statistical information from the CUBE files.

```

user@host: ./cube_stat -m time,mpi -p remapped.cube -%
MetricRoutine      Count      Sum      Mean      Variance  Minimum      ...  Maximum
time INCL(MAIN__ )  4  143.199101  35.799775  0.001783  35.759769  ...  35.839160
time EXCL(MAIN__ )  4   0.078037  0.019509  0.000441   0.001156  ...   0.037711
time task_init_    4   0.568882  0.142221  0.001802   0.102174  ...   0.181852
time read_input_   4   0.101781  0.025445  0.000622   0.000703  ...   0.051980
time decomp_       4   0.000005  0.000001  0.000000   0.000001  ...   0.000002
time inner_auto_   4  142.361593  35.590398  0.000609  35.566589  ...  35.612125
time task_end_     4   0.088803  0.022201  0.000473   0.000468  ...   0.043699

mpi  INCL(MAIN__ )  4   62.530811  15.632703  2.190396  13.607989  ...  17.162466
mpi  EXCL(MAIN__ )  4   0.000000  0.000000  0.000000   0.000000  ...   0.000000
mpi  task_init_    4   0.304931  0.076233  0.001438   0.040472  ...   0.113223
mpi  read_input_   4   0.101017  0.025254  0.000633   0.000034  ...   0.051952
mpi  decomp_       4   0.000000  0.000000  0.000000   0.000000  ...   0.000000
pi   inner_auto_   4   62.037503  15.509376  2.194255  13.478049  ...  17.031288
mpi  task_end_     4   0.087360  0.021840  0.000473   0.000108  ...   0.043333

```

---

```

user@host: ./cube_stat -t33 remapped.cube -p -m time,mpi,visits
Region      NumberOfCalls ExclusiveTime InclusiveTime      time      mpi      visits
sweep_           48      76.438435    130.972847    76.438435    0.000000      48
MPI_Recv        39936      36.632249      36.632249    36.632249    36.632249    39936
MPI_Send        39936      17.684986      17.684986    17.684986    17.684986    39936

```

---

---

MPI_Allreduce	128	7.383530	7.383530	7.383530	7.383530	128
source_	48	3.059890	3.059890	3.059890	0.000000	48
MPI_Barrier	12	0.382902	0.382902	0.382902	0.382902	12
flux_err_	48	0.380047	1.754759	0.380047	0.000000	48
TRACING	8	0.251017	0.251017	0.251017	0.000000	8
MPI_Bcast	16	0.189381	0.189381	0.189381	0.189381	16
MPI_Init	4	0.170402	0.419989	0.170402	0.170402	4
snd_real_	39936	0.139266	17.824251	0.139266	0.000000	39936
MPI_Finalize	4	0.087360	0.088790	0.087360	0.087360	4
initialize_	4	0.084858	0.168192	0.084858	0.000000	4
initxs_	4	0.083242	0.083242	0.083242	0.000000	4
MAIN__	4	0.078037	143.199101	0.078037	0.000000	4
rcv_real_	39936	0.077341	36.709590	0.077341	0.000000	39936
inner_	4	0.034985	142.337220	0.034985	0.000000	4
inner_auto_	4	0.024373	142.361593	0.024373	0.000000	4
task_init_	4	0.014327	0.568882	0.014327	0.000000	4
read_input_	4	0.000716	0.101781	0.000716	0.000000	4
octant_	416	0.000581	0.000581	0.000581	0.000000	416
global_real_max_	48	0.000441	1.374712	0.000441	0.000000	48
global_int_sum_	48	0.000298	5.978850	0.000298	0.000000	48
global_real_sum_	32	0.000108	0.030815	0.000108	0.000000	32
barrier_sync_	12	0.000105	0.383007	0.000105	0.000000	12
bcast_int_	12	0.000068	0.189395	0.000068	0.000000	12
timers	2	0.000044	0.000044	0.000044	0.000000	2
initgeom_	4	0.000042	0.000042	0.000042	0.000000	4
initsnc_	4	0.000038	0.000050	0.000038	0.000000	4
task_end_	4	0.000013	0.088803	0.000013	0.000000	4
bcast_real_	4	0.000010	0.000065	0.000010	0.000000	4
decomp_	4	0.000005	0.000005	0.000005	0.000000	4
timers_	2	0.000004	0.000048	0.000004	0.000000	2

---

**Usage:** cube\_stat [-h] [-p] [-m <metric>[,<metric>...]] [-%] [-r <routine>[,<routine>...]]  
 <cube>file>

---

OR

[-t <topN>] \<cube>file\>  
 -t topN cube>file</dd>

---

- h** Display this help message
- p** Pretty-print statistics (instead of CSV output)
- %** Provide statistics about process/thread metric values
- m** List of metrics (default: time)
- r** List of routines (default: main). Use mangled name, if available.
- t** Number for topN regions flat profile

Output of the tool [1.4.15](#) as

---

```
cube_dump -w <profile.cubex>
```

---

lists next to the display name of the region its mangled name as well.

### 1.4.12 from TAU to CUBE

Converts a profile generated by the TAU Performance System into the CUBE format. Currently, only 1-level, 2-level and full call-path profiles are supported.

An example of the output is presented below.

---

```
user@host: ./tau2cube3 tau2 -o b.cube
Parsing TAU profile...
tau2/profile.0.0.2
tau2/profile.1.0.0
Parsing TAU profile...      done.
Creating CUBE profile...
Number of call paths : 5
Childmain int (int, char **)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeA void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeB void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeC void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeD void (void)
Path to Parents : 5
Path to Child : 1
Number of roots : 5
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
value time :: 8.0151
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 8.01506
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 5.00815
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0.000287
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0
```

---



```
value ncalls :: 0
value time :: 9.00879
value ncalls :: 1
done.
```

---

**Usage:** tau2cube [tau-profile-dir ][-o cube]

### 1.4.13 Common Calltree

Common Calltree is a tool to reduce call trees of a set of cube files to the common part.

**Usage:** cube\_commoncalltree [-h] <cube experiment> ...

**-h** Help; Output a brief help message.

The tool *cube\_commoncalltree* takes set of input cubefiles

(*cubefile1 cubefile2 ... cubefileN*)

and creates corresponding set of cube files

(*cubefile1\_commoncalltree cubefile2\_commoncalltree ... cubefileN\_commoncalltree*).

Output cube files *cubefileX\_commoncalltree* do have the equal system and metric dimensions like corresponding *cubefileX* file.

Call trees among *cubefileX\_commoncalltree* files are reduced to the maximal (up to a special case in region naming scheme) common part. Inclusive value of the "missing" part is added as a exclusive value to its parent (which is a part of common part of call tree)

This tool is particularly useful for comparison of experiments with the different recursion depth or with the additional sub call trees depending on some loop iteration index.

### 1.4.14 Topology Assistant

Topology assistant is a tool to handle topologies in cube files. It is able to add or edit a topology.

**Usage:** cube\_topoassist [opts] <cube experiment>

The current available options are:

- To create a new topology in an existing cube file,
- To [re]name an existing virtual topology, and
- To [re]name the dimensions of a virtual topology.

The command-line switches for this utility are:

**-c:** creates a new topology in the existing cube file.

**-n:** [re]name an existing topology

**-d:** name dimensions of a topology

The output is a topo.cube[.gz] file in the current directory.

As mentioned above, when using the **-d** or **-n** command-line options, a numbered list of the current topologies will appear, showing the topology names, its dimension names (when existing), and the number of coordinates in each dimension, as well as the total number of threads. This is an example of the usage:

---

```
$ cube_topoassist topo.cube.gz -n
Reading topo.cube.gz . Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file,
use cube_info -S <cube experiment>

This CUBE has 3 topology(s).
0. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: x: 3, y: 1, z: 4. Total = 12 threads.
1. Test topology, 1 dimensions: dim_x: 12. Total = 12 threads.
2. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: 3, 1, 4. Total = 12 threads. <Dimensions are not named>

Topology to [re]name?
1
New name:
Hardware topology
Topology successfully [re]named.

Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.
```

---

The process is similar for [re]naming dimensions within a topology. One characteristic is that either all dimensions are named, or none.

One could easily create a script to generate the coordinates according to some algorithm/equation, and feed this to the assistant as an input. The only requirement is to answer the questions in the order they appear, and after that, feed the coordinates. Coordinates are asked for in rank order, and inside every rank, in thread order.

The sequence of questions made by the assistant when creating a new topology (the **-c** switch) is:

- New topology's name
- Number of dimensions
- Will the above dimensions be named? (Y/N)
- If yes, asks the name. Empty is not valid.
- Number of coordinates in that dimension
- Asks if this dimension is either periodic or not (Y/N)
- Repeat the previous three steps for every dimension
- After that, it expects the coordinates for each thread in this topology, separated by spaces, in the order described above.

This is a sample session of the assistant:

---

```
$ cube_topoassist -c experiment.cube.gz
Reading experiment.cube.gz. Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file, use cube_info -S <cube experiment>
```

---

```
So far, only cartesian topologies are accepted.
Name for new topology?
Test topology
Number of Dimensions?
3
Do you want to name the dimensions (axis) of this topology? (Y/N)
y
Name for dimension 0
torque
Number of elements for dimension 0
2000
Is dimension 0 periodic?
y
Name for dimension 1
rotation
Number of elements for dimension 1
1500
Is dimension 1 periodic?
n
Name for dimension 2
period
Number of elements for dimension 2
50
Is dimension 2 periodic?
n
Alert: The number of possible coordinates (1500000000) is bigger than the number of threads
on the specified cube file (12). Some positions will stay empty.
Topology on THREAD level.
Thread 0's (rank 0) coordinates in 3 dimensions, separated by spaces
0 0 0
0 0 1
0 0 2
...
...
...
Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.
$
```

---

So, a possible input file for this cube experiment could be:

---

```
Test topology
3
y
torque
2000
y
rotation
1500
n
period
50
n
0 0 0
```

---

```
0 0 1
0 0 2
... (the remaining coordinates)
```

---

**And then call the assistant:** `cube_topoassist -c cubefile.cube < input.txt`

### 1.4.15 Dump

To export values from the cube report into another tool or to examine internal structure of the cube report CUBE framework provides a tool `cube_dump` tool, which prints out different values. It calculates inclusive and exclusive values along metric tree and call tree, aggregates over system tree or displays values for every thread separately. In addition it provides user to define new metrics(see file `CubeDerivedMetrics.pdf`). Results are calculated and shown. For convenience user can invoke defined metrics along with new once in any order. For doing so one lists unique names of metrics separated by commas. For access to more than one callpaths, user can specify the ids or a range of them like "2-9". This also can be done for threads. Additionally provides a calculation of the flat profile values.

**Usage:** `cube_dump [-m <metrics>|<new metrics>|all|<filename>] [-c <cnode ids>|all|leafs|roots|level>X|level<X|level=X|level>X|name=/regexp/|<filename>] [-x incl|excl] [-z incl|excl|stored] [-t thread_id|aggr] [-r] ] [-f name] [-w] [-g]- [-s human|gnuplot|csv|csv2 ] [-h|-?] [-o output] <cube experiment>`

**-m <metrics>|<new metrics>|all|<filename>** Select one or more of metrics (unique names) for data dump.

By giving a CubePL expression one can define one or more new metrics by giving correspond formula. If the expression prefixed with "<name>:", <name> is used as a unique name for the new metric.

<filename> - takes a CubePL expression from file <filename> and defines a derived metric with it

all - all metrics will be printed.

Combination of these three is possible.

**-c <cnode ids>|all|leafs|roots|level>X|level=X|level>X|name=/regexp/|<filename>**

Select one or more call paths to be printed out .

<cnode ids> - list or range of call path ids: 0,3,5-10,25

all - all call paths are printed

leafs - only call paths without children are printed

roots - only root cnodes are printed

level<X, level=X or level>X - only cnodes of the level more, equal or less than N are printed

name=/regexp/- only cnodes of with the name matching to the regular expression 'regexp'

<filename> - takes a CubePL expression from file <filename> and evaluates it for every

callpath.

If the result is non-zero - call path is included into the output.

**-x incl|excl** Selects, if the data along the metric tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: incl).

**-z incl|excl|stored** Selects, if the data along the call tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: excl).

**-t <thread id>|aggr** Show data for one or more selected threads or aggregated over system tree.

**-r** Prints aggregated values for every region (flat profile), sorted by id.

**-f < name >** Selects a stored data with the name < name > to display

**-d** Shows the coordinates for every topology as well.

**-y** Disables expansion of clusters and shows bare stored meta structure.

**-w** Prints out the information about structure of the cube.

**-g** Show ghost metrics (only in combination with -w).

**-o <filename>|-** Uses a device or STDOUT for the output. If omit, STDOUT is used.

**-s human|gnuplot|gnuplot2|csv|csv2|(R)** Uses either human readable form, GNUPLOT or CSV (two different layouts) format or binary R matrix (in case R is installed) for data export.

**-h|-?** Help; Output a brief help message.

This is examples of the usage.

Example 1:

---

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 0 \  
-z incl -s gnuplot profile.cubex
```

```
# ===== DATA =====  
# Print out the data of the metric time  
#main(id=0)  
0 0 80.549003343  
0 1 44.115097986  
0 2 43.486614165  
0 3 43.940738098  
0 4 80.539393011  
0 5 42.723353088  
0 6 42.61159706  
0 7 43.108220977  
0 8 80.635220741  
0 9 43.788284208  
0 10 43.831524441  
0 11 43.652044759  
0 12 80.629776666
```

```
0 13 42.692885677
0 14 42.719330066
0 15 42.732487708

# Print out the data of the metric New Metric1
#main(id=0)
0 0 80.549003343
0 1 1.79769313486e+308
0 2 1.79769313486e+308
0 3 1.79769313486e+308
0 4 80.539393011
0 5 1.79769313486e+308
0 6 1.79769313486e+308
0 7 1.79769313486e+308
0 8 80.635220741
0 9 1.79769313486e+308
0 10 1.79769313486e+308
0 11 1.79769313486e+308
0 12 80.629776666
0 13 1.79769313486e+308
0 14 1.79769313486e+308
0 15 1.79769313486e+308

# Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
#main(id=0)
0 0 1
0 1 0
0 2 0
0 3 0
0 4 1
0 5 0
0 6 0
0 7 0
0 8 1
0 9 0
0 10 0
0 11 0
0 12 1
0 13 0
0 14 0
0 15 0
```

---

### Example 2:

```
$cube_dump -m time -s gnuplot2 profile.cubex

# ===== CONFIGURE GNUPLOT =====
set logscal x ; set logscal y ; set grid ; set xrange [16:300000]
; set terminal png size "600,400"

# ===== DATA =====
# Print out the data of the metric time
```

---

```
;set output "0.png"
; plot 6.4e-18*x**(5.0/2.0) + 5.2e-05 t "setPrecision(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=18)" ,
1.2e-17*x**(7.0/3.0) + 3.6e-05 t "setRoundNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=19)" ,
2.1e-17*x**(9.0/4.0) + 3.1e-05 t "setUpperExpNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=20)" ,
7.1e-19*x**(5.0/2.0) + 8.8e-06 t "getInstance()(id=21)" ,
2.8e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.3e-06 t "getCubePluginCount()(id=24)"

;set output "1.png"
; plot 1.3e-20*x**(5.0/2.0)*log(x) + 4.2e-06 t "PluginList()(id=25)" ,
9.7e-18*x**(7.0/3.0) + 1.1e-05 t "loadContextFreePlugin(PluginData&)(id=28)" ,
1e-17*x**(9.0/4.0) + 8.8e-06 t "loadCubePlugin(PluginData&)(id=29)" ,
1e-18*x**(9.0/4.0) + 1.1e-06 t "name() const(id=35)" ,
2.6e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.7e-06 t "getCubePlugin(int)(id=44)"
```

---

#### Example 3:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 0 \
-t aggr -z incl -s human profile.cubex
```

```
===== DATA =====
```

Print out the data of the metric time

All threads

```
-----
main(id=0) 841.755571994
```

Print out the data of the metric New Metric1

All threads

```
-----
main(id=0) 210.438892999
```

Print out the data of the metric New Metric2

All threads

```
-----
main(id=0) 4
```

---

#### Example 4:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 20 \
-z incl -s csv profile.cubex
```

```
20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,0
20,2,0
20,3,0
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,0
20,6,0
20,7,0
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,0
```

---

```
20,10,0
20,11,0
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,0
20,14,0
20,15,0

20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,-1.79769313486e+308
20,2,-1.79769313486e+308
20,3,-1.79769313486e+308
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,-1.79769313486e+308
20,6,-1.79769313486e+308
20,7,-1.79769313486e+308
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,-1.79769313486e+308
20,10,-1.79769313486e+308
20,11,-1.79769313486e+308
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,-1.79769313486e+308
20,14,-1.79769313486e+308
20,15,-1.79769313486e+308
```

```
20,0,1
20,1,0
20,2,0
20,3,0
20,4,1
20,5,0
20,6,0
20,7,0
20,8,1
20,9,0
20,10,0
20,11,0
20,12,1
20,13,0
20,14,0
20,15,0
```

---

Example 5:

---

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \
-z incl -s csv2 profile.cubex
```

```
Cnode ID, Thread ID,time,New Metric1,New Metric2
1,0,80.548967177,80.548967177,1
1,1,44.115097986,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,2,43.486614165,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,3,43.940738098,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,4,80.539359524,80.539359524,1
1,5,42.723353088,1.79769313486e+308,0
```

---



---

```

1,6,42.61159706,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,7,43.108220977,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,8,80.635176341,80.635176341,1
1,9,43.788284208,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,10,43.831524441,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,11,43.652044759,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,12,80.629742485,80.629742485,1
1,13,42.692885677,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,14,42.719330066,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,15,42.732487708,1.79769313486e+308,0

```

---

Example 6:

---

```

$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \
  -z incl -s R profile.cubex -o output_file

```

---

This will generate binary file "output\_file" which can be loaded in R. It consists of three matrices, each one corresponding to one metric. Each matrix is named after the metric and it contains values for all threads and nodes.

Example 7: We select only call path names, starting with "main" using the CubePL expression (stored in file name "selection.cubep1") :

---

```

{
${a}=0;
if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^main/ )
{ ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
}

```

---

Then:

---

```

cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c selection.cubep1 \
  -z incl -t aggr profile.cubex

```

---

```

===== DATA =====

```

Print out the data of the metric time

All threads

```

-----
main(id=0)      841.755571994
main_loop(id=12) 840.73706946

```

Print out the data of the metric New Metric1

All threads

```

-----
main(id=0)      210.438892999
main_loop(id=12) 0.210184267365

```

Print out the data of the metric New Metric2

All threads

```

-----

```

---

```
main(id=0)          4
main_loop(id=12)    4000
```

---

Options "leafs", "roots", "level=", "level<", "level>" and "name=/regexp/" are shortcuts for a build-in CubePL expression, which is used to select a call path.

- **"leafs"** : stands for:

```
{
  ${a}=0;
  if ( ${cube::callpath::#children}[ ${calculation::callpath::id} ] == 0 )
  { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
}
```

---

- **"roots"** : stands for:

```
{
  ${a}=0;
  if ( ${cube::callpath::parent::id}[ ${calculation::callpath::id} ] == -1 )
  { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
}
```

---

- **"level=N"** : stands for:

```
{
  ${level}=N;
  ${index}=0;
  ${i}=${calculation::callpath::id};
  while ( ${cube::callpath::parent::id}[ ${i} ] != -1 )
  { ${i}= ${cube::callpath::parent::id}[ ${i} ]; ${index}=${index}+1; };
  ${a}=0;
  if ( ${index} == ${level} )
  { ${a}=1; };
  return ${a};
}
```

---

- **"name=/regexp/"** : stands for:

```
{
  ${a}=0;
  if ( ${cube::region::name}[ ${calculation::region::id} ] =~ /regexp/ )
  { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
};
```

---

"level<N" and "level>N" differ from "level=N" in the boolean operation in the line 8. For detailed documentation of the syntax of CubePL please see.

==== BASE ====

==== BASE ====



